

NAVIGATING NEXT STEPS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

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Welcome Parents and Students!

• It is great to have you here early in the process. There are a lot of options, but some can be hard to find.

- The goals for today align with EPS post-HS goal CCLR:
 - College
 - Career
 - Life Ready

College for students with I/DD

- Bellevue College: Occupational and Life Skills (OLS) Program
 - Two Cohorts of 15 students
 - 85% of graduates are employed
- WSU: Responsibility Opportunity Advocacy and Respect (ROAR)
 - Students live communally
 - Must have a 4th Grade reading level
 - Limited behavior management services
- For more information, please reach out to IEP Case manager

College for Students with Autism

- Bellevue College: Neurodiversity Navigators
 - Supports job strengths
 - Find ways to remove barriers
 - Self-advocacy

College For Students on 504s/RR IEPs

• Every College has an office of disabilities.

Differences in Policies and Procedures					
High School	College				
 The school is responsible for identifying students with disabilities 	 The student must self identify or disclose his/her disability 				
 The school must provide the assessment of disability, classify disability, and involve parents 	The student must provide documentation of his/her disability to the designated office				
 School staff will discuss academic progress with parents or legal guardians 	 The student is considered an adult with privacy and confidentiality protections. Staff cannot talk with parents or legal guardians about the student's academic progress 				
The school must develop an Individualized Educational Program	 The student must request specific accommodations and provide supporting evidence through documentation 				
 The school must provide a free and appropriate education including modified program and appropriate related services 	 The student must act as independent adults to activate and obtain accommodations and structure weekly schedules 				
 The school must coordinate the provision of all services, monitor progress, and evaluate results 	The college must provide reasonable accommodations for students who qualify				

Differences in Courses

Differences in Courses				
High School	College			
 Class attendance is mandatory and monitored	 Students are expected to follow the instructors			
carefully	attendance policy as stated in the syllabus			
 Teachers will usually approach students who	 Students are responsible to ask the instructor			
are having academic difficulties	for help			
 Teachers remind students of assignment due	 Students are responsible for keeping track of			
dates	their projects, assignments, and tests dates			
 Teachers will provide students with missed	 Students must approach their instructors for			
information when they are absent	information they missed when absent			
 Teachers many times will provide extra credit assignments to help students raise their grades 	Extra credit assignments are not usually given			
Make up tests are usually available	 Make up tests may not be an option 			
 Teachers present information to help the	 Instructors may not follow the textbook, but			
student understand the textbook	lectures enhance the topic			

Differences in Accommodations

Differences in Accommodations					
High School	College				
 Services include individually designed instruction, modifications, and accommodations based on the IEP 	 Reasonable accommodations may be made to provide equal access and participation 				
 Modifications that change course outcomes may be offered based on the IEP 	 The college is not required to lower or effect substantial modifications to essential requirements. 				
 Appropriate accommodations are determined by the student's Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) 	 Appropriate accommodations must be determined based on the student's disability documentation, and individual need 				

Differences in Parent's Role

Differences in Parent's or Legal Guardian's Role					
High School	College				
Legal guidance is provided by IDEA	 Legal guidance is provided by Section 504 and ADA 				
 Parents must ensure that their child attends school until the age of 16 	 Parents are not required to send child to college 				
 Periodic progress reports are given to parents 	 No progress reports will be given to parents 				
 Teachers are free to approach parents without consent from student to discuss student's progress 	 Without a release of information signed by the student the teacher legally cannot include the parents in any part of the educational process 				
The parent is the student's legal guardian	 In college the student is considered to be his/her own legal guardian unless there is a court order to the contrary 				
 The parent is expected to advocate for the student 	 The student is expected to advocate on his/her own behalf 				

Career Ready!

- Students create a High School & Beyond Plan(HSBP)
- As parent/Guardians, please be aware of the HSBP
- A lot of support while in HS, but less once the student has graduated.
- If you are not sure where to go/what to do, please talk to your school counselor!

Department of Vocational Rehabilitation (DVR)

- DVR provides individualized vocational rehabilitation counseling and employment services and supports to people with disabilities who want to work but face substantial barriers in finding meaningful and sustained employment.
- The only questions you need to ask are:
 - Do I have a disability?
 - Does that disability impact my employment?
- Great service, but they can be limited with funding. As a result...

DVR Continued

- DVR assigns priority service categories based on the following areas:
- 1. Mobility
- 2. Communication
- 3. Self-Care
- 4. Cognition and learning (Self-Direction)
- 5. Interpersonal
- 6. Work Tolerance
- 7. Work Skills
- They are currently only serving students who qualify in 3 or more categories

Developmental Disabilities Administration (DDA)

- Far more services than DVR, but eligibility requirements are high .
- Disability must include:

Eligible Conditions Specific to Age					
Condition	0 to 3	4 to 9	10 to 17	18 and older	
Developmental Delays	x	x			
Intellectual Disability (ID)		x	х	x	
Cerebral Palsy		x	х	x	
Epilepsy		x	х	x	
Autism		x	х	x	
Another neurological or other condition similar to Intellectual Disability		х	x	x	

There are Resources!

• SAVE THE DATE!

- 2025 Transition Fair to be held at Cascade High School on March 18, 2025 from 4:00 pm to 8:30 pm!
- The Snohomish County Transition Resource Fair is held each year as an opportunity for self-advocates and their families to access, and become educated, on resources which will support/enable each individual to pursue their employment/career goals. This is a free, community event that welcomes individuals with disabilities (ages 12 and older), their families, caregivers, teachers, employees and other interested community members, to gain resources and become active participants in their community
- Over 50 agencies provide information on employment, advocacy, assistive technology, housing, transportation, guardianship, Social Security, leadership opportunities, trusts, and more.

Life!

- Center For Change and Transition Services is a resource!
- Figure out what you like to do.
- HS is a great place to explore.
- We have clubs and classes that fit many interests.
- IEP case managers and school counselors are here to help with this as well!